

Issue Date: 2-21-1995

Revision Date: 5/27/2015

Version 1

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product Name McKay Carburetor Spray-Clene (CA Compliant)

Other means of identification

Product Code 50213
UN/ID No UN1950

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Carburetor cleaner.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Address
 Airosol Company, Inc.
 1206 Illinois St.
 Neodesha, KS 66757

Emergency Telephone Number

Company Phone Number 620-325-2666
Emergency Telephone (24 hr.) INFOTRAC 1-352-323-3500 (International)
 1-800-535-5053 (North America)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Appearance Colorless liquid **Physical State** Aerosol **Odor** Aromatic/ketone-like

Classification

Acute toxicity - Oral	Category 4
Acute toxicity - Dermal	Category 4
Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Vapors)	Category 4
Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Dusts/Mists)	Category 4
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2
Reproductive toxicity	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 2
Aspiration toxicity	Category 1
Flammable Aerosols	Category 1

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Harmful if swallowed
Harmful in contact with skin
Harmful if inhaled
Causes skin irritation
Causes serious eye irritation
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
Causes damage to organs
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
Extremely flammable aerosol

**Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Obtain special instructions before use
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
Use personal protective equipment as required
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
Wear eye/face protection
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking
Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source
Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use

Precautionary Statements - Response

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
if eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention
IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water
If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention
Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse
IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell
IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
Do not induce vomiting
Rinse mouth

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up
Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Other Hazards

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%
Acetone	67-64-1	75-80
Methyl alcohol	67-56-1	1-5
Toluene	108-88-3	5-10
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	5-10

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

First Aid Measures

Eye Contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Call a physician if you feel unwell.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Most important symptoms and effects

Symptoms	Contact may cause irritation and redness. Inhalation of vapors and/or aerosols in high concentration may cause irritation of respiratory system.
-----------------	--

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician	Gastric lavage should only be considered by medical personnel following intubation with a cuffed endotracheal tube.
---------------------------	---

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Dry chemical. Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Do not use direct stream of water, material may float and reignite.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products Carbon oxides.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions Use personal protective equipment as required. Remove all sources of ignition.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for Containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for Clean-Up Contain and collect with an inert absorbent and place into an appropriate container for disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on Safe Handling Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not throw empty containers in trash compactor.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight. Do not store at temperatures above 120°F. Store locked up.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizers. Liquid chlorine. Halogens. Hydrogen peroxide. Oxygen. Selected amines. Strong acids. Strong bases. Molten sulfur.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Acetone 67-64-1	STEL: 750 ppm TWA: 500 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 2400 mg/m ³ (vacated) TWA: 750 ppm (vacated) TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ (vacated) STEL: 2400 mg/m ³ The acetone STEL does not apply to the cellulose acetate fiber industry. It is in effect for all other sectors (vacated) STEL: 1000 ppm	IDLH: 2500 ppm TWA: 250 ppm TWA: 590 mg/m ³
Methyl alcohol 67-56-1	STEL: 250 ppm TWA: 200 ppm S*	TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 260 mg/m ³ (vacated) TWA: 200 ppm (vacated) TWA: 260 mg/m ³ (vacated) STEL: 250 ppm (vacated) STEL: 325 mg/m ³ (vacated) S*	IDLH: 6000 ppm TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 260 mg/m ³ STEL: 250 ppm STEL: 325 mg/m ³
Toluene 108-88-3	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 200 ppm (vacated) TWA: 100 ppm (vacated) TWA: 375 mg/m ³ (vacated) STEL: 150 ppm (vacated) STEL: 560 mg/m ³ Ceiling: 300 ppm	IDLH: 500 ppm TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 375 mg/m ³ STEL: 150 ppm STEL: 560 mg/m ³
Carbon dioxide 124-38-9	STEL: 30000 ppm TWA: 5000 ppm	TWA: 5000 ppm TWA: 9000 mg/m ³ (vacated) TWA: 10000 ppm (vacated) TWA: 18000 mg/m ³ (vacated) STEL: 30000 ppm (vacated) STEL: 54000 mg/m ³	IDLH: 40000 ppm TWA: 5000 ppm TWA: 9000 mg/m ³ STEL: 30000 ppm STEL: 54000 mg/m ³

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/Face Protection Goggles.

Skin and Body Protection Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact. Wear lined non-permeable rubber gloves like Buna or nitrile.

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Aerosol	Odor	Aromatic/ketone-like
Appearance	Colorless liquid	Odor Threshold	Not determined
Color	Colorless		

<u>Property</u>	<u>Values</u>	<u>Remarks • Method</u>
pH	Not determined	
Melting Point/Freezing Point	Not determined	
Boiling Point/Boiling Range	Not determined	
Flash Point	< -17 °C / < 0 °F	
Evaporation Rate	Faster than butyl acetate	
Flammability (Solid, Gas)	Not determined	
Upper Flammability Limits	12.8%	
Lower Flammability Limit	1.0%	
Vapor Pressure	110 psig	
Vapor Density	Greater than air	
Specific Gravity	0.75-0.80	(1=Water)
Water Solubility	~90%	
Solubility in other solvents	Not determined	
Partition Coefficient	Not determined	
Auto-ignition Temperature	Not determined	
Decomposition Temperature	Not determined	
Kinematic Viscosity	Not determined	
Dynamic Viscosity	Not determined	
Explosive Properties	Not determined	
Oxidizing Properties	Not determined	
VOC Content	<10 %	

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions.

Chemical Stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to Avoid

Heat, flames and sparks. Avoid temperatures above 120°F. Avoid direct sunlight.

Incompatible Materials

Strong oxidizers. Liquid chlorine. Halogens. Hydrogen peroxide. Oxygen. Selected amines. Strong acids. Strong bases. Molten sulfur.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Carbon oxides.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information

Eye Contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin Contact	Causes skin irritation. Harmful in contact with skin.
Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed.

Component Information

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Acetone 67-64-1	= 5800 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
Methyl alcohol 67-56-1	= 5628 mg/kg (Rat)	= 15800 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 83.2 mg/L (Rat) 4 h = 64000 ppm (Rat) 4 h
Toluene 108-88-3	= 636 mg/kg (Rat)	= 8390 mg/kg (Rabbit) = 12124 mg/kg (Rat)	= 12.5 mg/L (Rat) 4 h > 26700 ppm (Rat) 1 h

Information on physical, chemical and toxicological effects

Symptoms Please see section 4 of this SDS for symptoms.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Carcinogenicity Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Toluene 108-88-3		Group 3		

Legend

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 3 IARC components are "not classifiable as human carcinogens"

Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

STOT - single exposure Causes damage to organs.

STOT - repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Not determined

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
Acetone 67-64-1		4.74 - 6.33: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mL/L LC50 6210 - 8120: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 static 8300: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50		10294 - 17704: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50 Static 12600 - 12700: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50
Methyl alcohol 67-56-1		28200: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 flow-through 100: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 static 19500 - 20700: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 flow-through 18 - 20: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mL/L LC50 static 13500 - 17600: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 flow-through		
Toluene 108-88-3	433: 96 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata mg/L EC50 12.5: 72 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata mg/L EC50 static	15.22 - 19.05: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 flow-through 12.6: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 static 5.89 - 7.81: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 flow-through 14.1 - 17.16: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 static 5.8: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L LC50 semi-static 11.0 - 15.0: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 static 54: 96 h Oryzias latipes mg/L LC50 static 28.2: 96 h Poecilia reticulata mg/L LC50 semi-static 50.87 - 70.34: 96 h Poecilia reticulata mg/L LC50 static	EC50 = 19.7 mg/L 30 min	5.46 - 9.83: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50 Static 11.5: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50

Persistence/Degradability

Not determined.

Bioaccumulation

Not determined.

Mobility

Chemical Name	Partition Coefficient
Acetone 67-64-1	-0.24
Methyl alcohol 67-56-1	-0.77
Toluene 108-88-3	2.65

Other Adverse Effects

Not determined

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Waste Treatment Methods****Disposal of Wastes**

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Contaminated Packaging

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

US EPA Waste Number

Chemical Name	RCRA	RCRA - Basis for Listing	RCRA - D Series Wastes	RCRA - U Series Wastes
Acetone 67-64-1		Included in waste stream: F039		U002
Methyl alcohol 67-56-1		Included in waste stream: F039		U154
Toluene 108-88-3	U220	Included in waste streams: F005, F024, F025, F039, K015, K036, K037, K149, K151		U220

Chemical Name	RCRA - Halogenated Organic Compounds	RCRA - P Series Wastes	RCRA - F Series Wastes	RCRA - K Series Wastes
Toluene 108-88-3			Toxic waste waste number F025 Waste description: Condensed light ends, spent filters and filter aids, and spent desiccant wastes from the production of certain chlorinated aliphatic hydrocarbons, by free radical catalyzed processes. These chlorinated aliphatic hydrocarbons are those having carbon chain lengths ranging from one to and including five, with varying amounts and positions of chlorine substitution.	

California Hazardous Waste Status

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste Status
Acetone 67-64-1	Ignitable
Methyl alcohol 67-56-1	Toxic Ignitable
Toluene 108-88-3	Toxic Ignitable

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Note Please see current shipping paper for most up to date shipping information, including exemptions and special circumstances.

DOT

UN/ID No UN1950
 Proper Shipping Name Aerosols
 Hazard Class 2.1

IATA

UN/ID No UN1950
 Proper Shipping Name Aerosols, flammable
 Hazard Class 2.1

IMDG

UN/ID No UN1950
 Proper Shipping Name Aerosols
 Hazard Class 2.1
 Marine Pollutant This material may meet the definition of a marine pollutant

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA Listed

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

US Federal Regulations

CERCLA

Chemical Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA/SARA RQ	Reportable Quantity (RQ)
Acetone 67-64-1	5000 lb.		RQ 5000 lb. final RQ RQ 2270 kg final
Methyl alcohol 67-56-1	5000 lb.		RQ 5000 lb. final RQ RQ 2270 kg final
Toluene 108-88-3	1000 lb. 1 lb.		RQ 1000 lb. final RQ RQ 454 kg final RQ RQ 1 lb. final RQ RQ 0.454 kg final RQ

SARA 313

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Methyl alcohol - 67-56-1	67-56-1	1-5	1.0
Toluene - 108-88-3	108-88-3	5-10	1.0

CWA (Clean Water Act)

Component	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
Toluene 108-88-3 (1-5)	1000 lb.	X	X	X

US State Regulations**California Proposition 65**

This product contains the following Proposition 65 chemicals.

Chemical Name	California Proposition 65
Methyl alcohol - 67-56-1	Developmental
Toluene - 108-88-3	Developmental Female Reproductive

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Acetone 67-64-1	X	X	X
Methyl alcohol 67-56-1	X	X	X
Toluene 108-88-3	X	X	X
Carbon dioxide 124-38-9	X	X	X

16. OTHER INFORMATION**NFPA****Health Hazards**

Not determined

Flammability

Not determined

Instability

Not determined

Special Hazards

Not determined

HMIS**Health Hazards**

2

Flammability

4

Physical Hazards

0

Personal Protection

Not determined

Issue Date:

2-21-1995

Revision Date:

8-1-2006, 5-16-07, 1-2-09, 12-31-2010, 5/27/2015

Revision Note:

New format

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet